## Math 234

Counting: The Addition Rule
Day 15

1. Consider the letters in the word QUARTILE.
(a) In how many ways can these eight letters be arranged?
(b) In how many ways can these eight letters be arranged if the $\mathbf{Q U}$ must remain next to each other (in that order)?
(c) In how many ways can these eight letters be arranged such that the two-letter sequence $\mathbf{Q U}$ does not appear?
(d) How many arrangements of these eight letters contain the substring ARE?
(e) How many arrangements of these eight letters contain both substrings QU and ARE?
(f) How many arrangements of these eight letters start with a vowel?
(g) If these letters are arranged at random, what is the probability that the arrangement starts with a vowel?
2. A tech firm receives 116 job applicants. Of these, 63 majored in math, 79 majored in computer science, and 42 majored in both math and computer science. How many of the applicants majored in neither math nor computer science?
3. Generalize the previous problem. If you know the number of items in sets $A, B$, and $A \cap B$, then how many items are in $A \cup B$ ?
4. In a certain class, every student is majoring in at least one of the subjects math, computer science, and physics. Suppose that 28 students are majoring in math (and possibly other majors), 15 in computer science (and possibly other majors), 17 in physics (and possibly other majors), 10 in math and CS (and possibly another major), 8 in math and physics (and possibly another major), 4 in computer science and physics (and possibly another major), and 2 in all three majors. How many students are in the class?
5. Generalize the previous problem. If you know the number of items in sets $A, B, C, A \cap B, A \cap C$, $B \cap C$, and $A \cap B \cap C$, then how many items are in $A \cup B \cup C$ ?
6. How many positive integers not exceeding 100 are divisible by either 4 or 6 ?
7. How many positive integers not exceeding 200 are divisible by either 4,5 , or 6 ?
8. Two integers $a$ and $b$ are relatively prime if their greatest common divisor is 1 . How many positive integers less than 1000 are relatively prime to $1000 ?$
9. Let $p$ and $q$ be distinct primes, and let $n=p q$. How many positive integers less than $n$ are relatively prime to $n$ ?
