## Homework 2

Math 262

Write your solutions to the following problems and turn them in to the homework mailbox (RMS level 3, near the fireplace) by 4:00pm on Monday, February 19.

## **Book Problems**

- Section 1.2 #17, 24 (pages 18–20)
- Section 1.3 #31, 32, 33, 34, 39 (pages 31–33)

## Additional Problems

- 1. There are n socks (3 of which are red) in a drawer. What is the value of n such that when 2 of the socks are chosen, the probability that both are red is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ? What assumptions are being made?
- 2. A poker hand consists of 5 cards dealt from a standard 52-card deck.\* If it is assumed that all poker hands are equally likely, what is the probability of being dealt:
  - (a) a flush? (A hand is said to be a flush if all 5 cards are of the same suit.)
  - (b) one pair? (This occurs when the cards have ranks a, a, b, c, d, where a, b, c, and d are all distinct.)
  - (c) two pairs? (This occurs when the cards have ranks a, a, b, b, c, where a, b, and c are all distinct.)
  - (d) three of a kind? (This occurs when the cards have ranks a, a, a, b, c, where a, b, and c are all distinct.)
  - (e) four of a kind? (This occurs when the cards have ranks a, a, a, a, b, where a and b are distinct.)

<sup>\*</sup>A standard 52-card deck consists of 13 cards of each of the four *suits*: clubs ( $\clubsuit$ ), diamonds ( $\diamondsuit$ ), hearts ( $\heartsuit$ ), and spades ( $\spadesuit$ ). Within each suit, each of the 13 cards has a different rank: ace, king, queen, jack,  $10, 9, \ldots, 2$ .