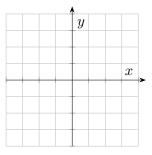
## **Dot Product**

1. (a) In  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , draw the line L through the points A=(0,0) and B=(3,2). What is the slope of L?



- (b) Draw the line M through point A that is perpendicular to L. What is the slope of line M?
- (c) Find a vector  $\mathbb{R}^2$  that is *parallel* to L. How is your vector related to the slope of L?

 $\mathfrak{D}$  Maybe use A and B?

- (d) Now, try to find a vector that is parallel to the line M (and thus perpendicular to L). How is this vector related to the previous vector that you found?
- **2.** (a) What is  $\langle 3, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 2 \rangle$ ?
  - (b) What is  $\langle -2, 1, 0 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$ ?
  - (c) What is  $\langle 3, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 2, -3 \rangle$ ?

• Have you seen this recently?

(d) What is  $\langle a,b,c\rangle \cdot \langle a,b,c\rangle ?$  How is this related to  $|\langle a,b,c\rangle| ?$ 

 $\Im$  Remember,  $|\langle a,b,c\rangle|$  is the length of  $\langle a,b,c\rangle$ .

3. Group chat: Make a conjecture by filling in the blank.

Vectors  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are perpendicular (or  $\mathit{orthogonal}$ ) exactly when  $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$  equals \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**4. Group experiment**: If  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are parallel vectors, how does  $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$  relate to  $|\mathbf{u}|$  and  $|\mathbf{v}|$ ?

Choose some parallel vectors and see what happens!

**5. Group chat:** Suppose **u**, **v**, and **w** are vectors of the same dimension, and *c* is a number. Which of the following statements are (always) true? Which statements are false?

(a) 
$$\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}$$

(b) 
$$(\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}) \cdot \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{u} \cdot (\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w})$$

(c) 
$$\mathbf{u} \cdot (\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w}) = \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{w}$$

(d) 
$$(c\mathbf{u}) \cdot \mathbf{v} = c(\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u})$$

**6.** Let  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2, 0, 4 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \langle -1, 2, 3 \rangle$ . If  $\theta$  is the angle between  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$ , find  $\cos \theta$ .

7. Find the angle between the vectors  $\mathbf{u} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{v} = -2\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$ .

**8.** Find the angle between the vectors (1,0,1) and **i**.