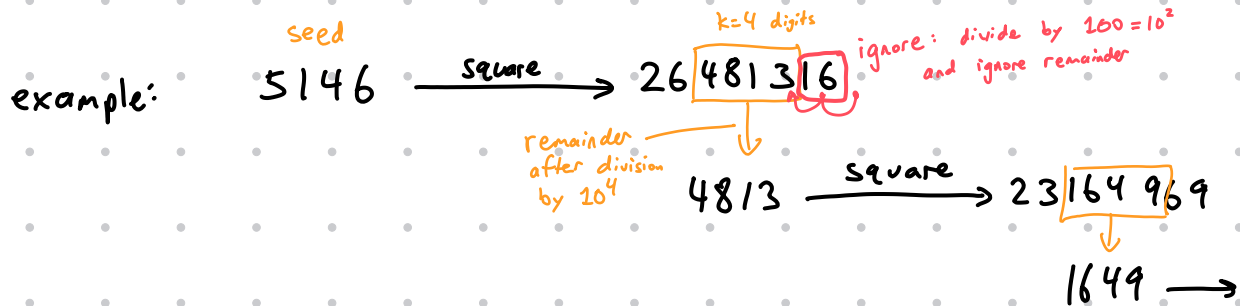


How do computers generate ~~random~~ pseudo random numbers?

MIDDLE-SQUARE METHOD



Sequence: 5146, 4813, 1649,

individual digits: 5, 1, 4, 6, 4, 8, 1, 3, 1, 6, 4, 9, ...

$\uparrow$ is this a "random" sequence of digits?

How would you tell?

LINEAR CONGRUENTIAL METHOD

parameters: Seed: S_0
 multiplier: α
 increment: β
 modulus: N

Repeadly compute: $S_n = \alpha \cdot S_{n-1} + \beta \pmod{N}$

Example: $S_0 = 17, \quad \alpha = 37, \quad \beta = 1, \quad N = 100$

$$S_0 = 17$$

$$S_1 = 37 \cdot 17 + 1 = 630 \equiv 30 \pmod{100}$$

$$S_2 = 37 \cdot 30 + 1 = 511 \equiv 11 \pmod{100}$$

$$S_3 = 37 \cdot 11 + 1 = 408 \equiv 08 \pmod{100}$$

sequence: 17, 30, 11, 8, ...

digits: 1, 7, 3, 0, 1, 1, 0, 8, ...